Enter the letter(s) of each answer below. You may choose multiple answers, but credit will be divided by the number of choices made.

| #6 | enable you to specify, with a single class declaration, a set of related classes | |
|-----|--|--|
| | (a) | Overloaded classes |
| | (b) | Overridden classes |
| | (c) | Concrete classes |
| | | Generic classes |
| | (e) | Abstract classes |
| #7 | If an IndexOfAny method is passed a string it: | |
| | (a) | will search for the first occurrence of the sequence of characters. |
| | (b) | will return the index of the first occurance of any character in the string. |
| | (c) | finds the first occurrence of each letter in the string. |
| | (d) | searches for the first occurrence of any of the characters in the string. |
| | | generates an error. |
| #8 | ToUpper(string) is | |
| | (a) | a way of making one string more important than the rest. |
| | (b) | a way to make the first letter of every word in a string a capital letter. |
| | | a syntax error. |
| | (\mathbf{d}) | a way of converting a string to all upper cases. |
| | (e) | a class method in the namespace 'System.String' |
| #9 | A(n) | conversion is when an object is cast into another type. |
| | (a) | wrapping |
| | (b) | converting |
| | (c) | implicit |
| | | unboxing |
| | (e) | boxing |
| #10 | How array | much faster is the insertion sort with a 100-element array than with a 1000-element? |
| | (a) | 10 times. |
| | (b) | 20 times. |
| | | 100 times. |
| | (\mathbf{d}) | 200 times. |
| | (e) | 1000 times. |